#### University of California, Berkeley



#### OFFICE OF LABORATORY ANIMAL CARE

# **Working Instructions**

WIN Number:	103	Guinea Pig Health	Revision #:	0
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## **PROCEDURE**

All work instructions must be demonstrated by the trainer and performed by the trainee.

#### 1. Health Check:

- a. Perform health checks in the morning unless instructed otherwise by the Facility Supervisor or Veterinarians.
- b. Assess every cage for health abnormalities, use a flashlight when necessary.
  - Use a step stool for mid and high-level cages.
  - Lower cages can be visualized by either removing the cage from the rack or by kneeling on knees.
- c. Mark health concerns with a pink health check Post-it® and immediately report the health concern by sending a message to the "health-usda" slack group.
- d. Remove dead animals from the cage and place in a bag.
  - Label the bag with room number, cage number, date, and PI name.
  - Mark the cage card with a red dot labeled "FDIC", the number of animals found dead, and the date.
  - Place the carcass into the bin with the corresponding day of the week in the carcass storage area.
  - Report the dead animal by sending a message to the "health-usda" slack group.

# This list is non-inclusive and other health concerns may arise. If unsure, always contact vet staff.

## **Emergency Health Concerns**

- Hunched posture & scruffy (ruffled) fur: With no/low activity level
- Moribundity: Near death
- Breathing problems: Exaggerated, increased or decreased breathing
- Paralysis: Complete loss of use of one or more limbs
- Dystocia: Problems or difficulty giving birth
- Seizure: May lay on side and paddle or rhythmically move limbs
- Severe wounds: Large or deep open wounds
- Masses or swelling: Anywhere on the body, with open wounds
- Prolapse (uterine, vaginal, rectal and penile):
  Tissue that is normally held within the body is hanging outside of the body

## Non-Emergency Health Concerns

- Low Body Condition/Thin Body
- Overweight
- Hunched posture & scruffy (ruffled) fur:
  With normal activity level
- Malocclusion: Misaligned or overgrown teeth
- Dermatitis: Inflamed/irritated skin or skin lesions
- Fighting/Minor fight wounds: animals observed fighting and/or pinpoint lesions (animals will be separated immediately)
- Necrotic digits: Digits (fingers/toes) appear discolored
- Masses or swelling: Anywhere on the body, with no open wounds
- Microphthalmia/Anophthalmia: Small/absent eve
- Eye conditions: Swelling, discharge, discoloration, or bulging
- Gait/Locomotion: Problems moving around normally, staggering, or limping
- Head tilt: Head is tilted to one side and/or animal is rolling or circling
- Abnormal skin color: Yellow, blue or pale

#### 2. Feed:

- a. Feed animals approved diet ad libitum.
- b. Feed must be at least half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) full and free of mold/moisture.
- c. Fill the food hopper with food once it falls below half (½) of the food hopper.
- d. Check and clear the base of the feeder if blocked with debris (Ex: excess cage bedding).

# 3. **Bedding/Cage:**

a. Assess each cage for flooding, heavy soiling, mold, and/or defective parts. Change cages found with heavy soiling, floods, mold, and/or defective parts.

#### 4. Water:

- a. Provide water ad libitum from an approved source (NAF cage wash bottle filler, NAF hydropac water hose, LKS hydropac water hose).
- b. Replace water that is less than half (1/2) full.

#### 5. Enrichment:

- a. Place enrichment into each cage according to the "Guinea Pig Enrichment" schedule posted in the housing room.
  - Enrichment offerings include hay and other approved fresh vegetables and fruits.

#### REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

REVISION HISTORY						
REVISION NUMBER	AUTHOR(S)	EFFECTIVE DATE	REVISION(S)			